# Redundant L-Band Block Converter



C-, X-, Ku-, K- (DBS)-Band



1+1 Redundant Block Converter System (cover not shown)

WORK Microwave's 1+1 redundant block converter system combines a redundancy switching system and two block converters in one unit, increasing operators efficiencies and cost savings. By consolidating previously separate capabilities into a single, compact, 19" housing, the WORK Microwave system dramatically reduces power consumption, providing operators with an innovative approach to redundant block converter systems. The hot plugging capability of the slide-in converters allows changing the spare unit without any downtime. Ideal use cases include fixed satellite ground stations as well as in satellite newsgathering (SNG) vehicles, fly-aways and other mobile or portable applications.

The fifth-generation frequency converter series is built with the most advanced technologies available to ensure outstanding performance, high reliability and a longer lifetime.

### 5<sup>th</sup>-generation enhancements

**Reduced phase noise:** Based on a powerful new synthesizer the frequency converters achieve a phase noise significantly beyond the recommended industry specification (Intelsat's IESS-308/309).

Improved flexibility and usability: Through a new USB port, operators can now access the converter via the back panel to make copies of parameter settings, replicate selected configurations on another device, or save configuration settings for future reference. In addition, a user-friendly, Web-based interface offers an intuitive user experience. When coupled with the enhanced USB port, the customizable GUI also simplifies the installation of firmware updates.

**Higher reliability:** An AC power consumption of typically 45 VA / 30 W maximizes the reliability and lifetime of the system.

### **High signal integrity**

The very low phase noise of the oscillators guarantees an excellent signal quality. Low spurious emissions allow our customers to use the converters in the environments with demanding requirements, such as high power video uplinks. Sophisticated temperature compensation guarantees the stability over a wide temperature range.

#### Housing

The redundant block converters normally are delivered without fans and can be operated in environments, where at minimum one RU space for natural ventilation is available above each unit. This eliminates the fan as a potential point of failure. For rack installations without any space in between the units, a fan within the converter unit is recommended. This forces airflow from the right side to left side of the units.

Each part of the systems can be operated separately via remote control by using TCP/IP over Ethernet. By using the serial interface (RS485) for remote control, all parts can be controlled via one interface. Detailed monitoring of the system status and a summary alarm output (dual change over switch contacts) are provided. For the remote control either ASCII string-based commands as well as addressable, packet-based commands are provided. Remote monitoring and control through SNMP and a Web browser interface is also available.

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### **Redundancy Switch System**

The redundancy switch system includes a coaxial signal switch for the input signal and a coaxial signal switch for the output signal. The system can operate in automatic mode, whereby an automatic switchover unit is performed upon detection of an alarm generated by the active unit. In addition, a manual switchover of the standby unit can be initiated.

### **Redundant Power Supply**

Each slide-in converter comes with a separate power supply, capable to supply the redundancy controller to guarantee highest possible availability.

#### **Key features**

- Previously three devices in one 19" housing
- · Hot pluggable slide-in converters
- Redundant power supplies
- Low phase noise
- Adjustable attenuator (range: 0 ... 20 dB, 0.1 dB step size)
- Output power +10 dBm (1 dB compression point)
- Low spurious emissions
- Internal OCXO with long term stability 10<sup>-7</sup> / year
- External reference input 5 or 10 MHz
- Reference output 10 MHz
- Local control through push buttons on front panel

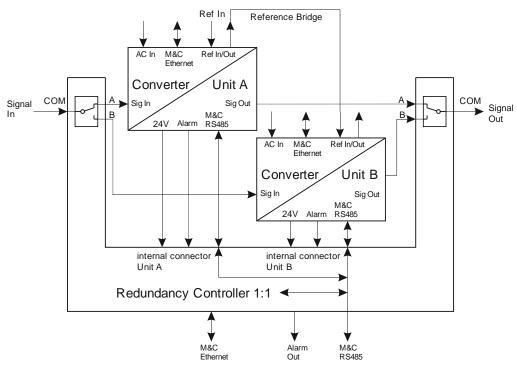
- Stored alarms with time stamps
- Remote controls through RS485 interface. Packet command syntax supports RS485 bus systems and allows addressed operation. TCP/IP over Ethernet, Web browser interface, SNMP with MIBs downloadable form the device
- Summary alarm output (DPDT)
- Low power consumption, typically 30 W
- CE compliant
- 3 years warranty

### **Orders information**

WORK Microwave offers two series of 19" rack satellite converters, Standard and High Performance. The specifications are the same for both types except the operating temperature range. The High Performance type operates between -30 °C to 60 °C (-22 °F to 140 °F) and the Standard type between 0 °C to 50 °C (32 °F to 122 °F). Therefore, if you only need units for inside use, the standard unit is perfectly suited for this application.

#### Open questions, demo units

If you need more information about WORK Microwave's synthesized frequency block converters or if you would like to have demo unit, please contact us via e-mail: <a href="mailto:sales@work-microwave.com">sales@work-microwave.com</a> or call us. We are glad to assist you.



Functional Block Diagram 1+1 Redundant Block Converter System

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# **Redundant L-Band Block Upconverter** Indoor

# C-, X-, Ku-, K- (DBS)-Band

These converter types are only a small selection of what is available. Please contact us for further frequency bands and features.

Upconverter Type:		VHBU- / VSBU-						
•		C, C1, C2, C3	Х	Ku1, Ku2, Ku3, Ku7, Ku9	K2, K3, K4			
RF-Output Frequency:		C-Band	X-Band	Ku-Band	K-Band			
		C: 5.85 6.45 GHz	7.90 8.40 GHz	Ku1: 13.75 14.50 GHz	K2: 17.6 18.4 GHz			
		C1: 5.85 6.65 GHz		Ku2: 12.75 13.75 GHz	K3: 17.3 18.1 GHz			
		C2: 5.78 6.52 GHz		Ku3: 12.75 13.50 GHz	K4: 17.3 18.4 GHz			
		C3: 6.45 7.05 GHz		Ku7: 14.50 14.80 GHz				
				Ku9: 14.00 14.50 GHz				
LO Frequency:		C: 4.90 GHz	6.95 GHz	Ku1: 12.80 GHz	K2: 16.35 GHz			
		C1: 4.90 GHz		Ku2: 11.80 GHz	K3: 16.35 GHz			
		C2: 4.83 GHz		Ku3: 11.80 GHz K4: 16.35 GHz				
		C3: 5.50 GHz		Ku7: 13.40 GHz				
				Ku9: 13.05 GHz				
Phase Noise:	10 Hz	-70 / -60	-68 / -58	-65 / -55 <sup>1)</sup> -65 / -55 <sup>2)</sup>	-60 / -50			
	100 Hz	-90 / -80	-88 / -78	-85 / -75 <sup>1)</sup> -85 / -75 <sup>2)</sup>	-80 / -70			
	1 kHz	-100 / -90	-98 / -88	-95 / -85 <sup>1)</sup> -95 / -85 <sup>2)</sup>	-90 / -80			
	10 kHz	-105 / -95	-103 / -93	-100 / -90 <sup>1)</sup> -100 / -93 <sup>2)</sup>	-97 / -87			
	100 kHz	-110 / -100	-106 / -96	-103 / -93 <sup>1)</sup> -123 / -113 <sup>2)</sup>	-117 / -107			
	1 MHz	-133 / -123	-130 / -120	-127 / -117 <sup>1)</sup> -140 / -130 <sup>2)</sup>	-135 / -125			
		typ. / max. values in dBc/Hz	1) standard values	2) values with low p	hase noise option LPN			
IF-Input Frequency:		C: 9501550 MHz	9501450 MHz	Ku1: 9501700 MHz	K2: 1250 1750 MHz			
		C1: 9501750 MHz		Ku2: 9501950 MHz	K3: 950 1750 MHz			
		C2: 9501690 MHz		Ku3: 9501700 MHz	K4: 950 2050 MHz			
		C3: 9501550 MHz						
				Ku9: 950 1450 MHz				
Conversion Scheme:		Block up conversion, no frequency inversion						
IF-Input Characteristics:		Impedance: $50 \Omega$						
		Return loss: > 18 dB						
		Maximum aggregate input level: 0 dBm (damage Level)						
		Connector:						
RF-Output Characteristics:		Impedance:	50 Ω	·				
		Return loss:	> 18 dB					
		1 dB compression point:	> 10 dBm <sup>1)</sup>					
		Output muting:	> 75 dB (by comm	> 75 dB (by command or sense input or by alarm condition)				
		Connectors:	SMA female (standard)					
			K female (2.92 mm) (f > 18 GHz)					
Transfer Characteristics:		Max. conversion gain: 35 dB ±1 dB						
		ttenuation range: 0 20 dB, 0.1 dB steps						
		Gain variation over temp.:	±0.5 dB max.					
		Gain flatness over freq.:	±1.0 dB max. over band					
		Gain flatness over 40 MHz:	±0.5 dB					
		Image rejection:	> 80 dB					
		Noise figure:	< 11 dB <sup>1)</sup>					
Group Delay:		Ripple, Slope:	< 1 ns peak to pea	ak / 80 MHz				
Spurious Outputs:		Signal related: < -65 dBc		2)				
		Output harmonics:	< -40 dBc <sup>1) 2)</sup>					
		Signal independent:	< -85 dBm					
Output Intercept Point 3rd Order:		OIP3:	> 20 dBm <sup>1)</sup>					
Internal Frequency Stability:		±1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> , -30 °C 60 °C						
		±1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> , -30 °C 60 °C (after 30 min warm up)						
		±1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> per day (fixed temper	ature after 24 h warm up)					

<sup>1)</sup> at max. conversion gain 2) Pout = 0 dBm

Specifications are subject to change

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# **Redundant L-Band Block Downconverter** Indoor

# C-, X-, Ku-, K- (DBS)-Band

RF-Input Frequency:  LO Frequency:  Phase Noise:  10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency:  Conversion Scheme:  RF-Input Characteristics:	-90 / -80 -100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123	X X-Band 7.25 7.75 GHz 6.30 GHz 6.30 GHz -68 / -58 -88 / -78 -98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz 950 1450 MHz					
LO Frequency:  Phase Noise:  10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 100 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency:  Conversion Scheme:	3.4 4.2 GHz  5.15 GHz  -70 / -60 -90 / -80 -100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max.  950 1750 MHz	7.25 7.75 GHz  6.30 GHz  -68 / -58 -88 / -78 -98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120  values in dBc/Hz	Ku1: 10.95 11.70 GHz Ku2: 10.70 11.70 GHz Ku3: 11.70 12.75 GHz Ku1: 10.00 GHz Ku2: 9.75 GHz Ku3: 10.75 GHz -65 / -55¹) -65 / -55²) -85 / -75¹) -85 / -75²) -95 / -85¹) -95 / -85²) -100 / -90¹) -100 / -93² -103 / -93¹) -123 / -113² -127 / -117¹) -140 / -130²				
LO Frequency:  Phase Noise:  10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 100 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency:  Conversion Scheme:	5.15 GHz  -70 / -60 -90 / -80 -100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-68 / -58 -88 / -78 -98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	Ku2: 10.70 11.70 GHz Ku3: 11.70 12.75 GHz Ku1: 10.00 GHz Ku2: 9.75 GHz Ku3: 10.75 GHz -65 / -55 <sup>1)</sup> -65 / -55 <sup>2)</sup> -85 / -75 <sup>1)</sup> -85 / -75 <sup>2)</sup> -95 / -85 <sup>1)</sup> -95 / -85 <sup>2</sup> -100 / -90 <sup>1)</sup> -100 / -93 <sup>2</sup> -103 / -93 <sup>1)</sup> -123 / -113 <sup>2</sup> -127 / -117 <sup>1)</sup> -140 / -130 <sup>2</sup>				
Phase Noise: 10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 100 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency:	-70 / -60 -90 / -80 -100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-68 / -58 -88 / -78 -98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	Ku3: 11.70 12.75 GHz  Ku1: 10.00 GHz  Ku2: 9.75 GHz  Ku3: 10.75 GHz  -65 / -55 <sup>1</sup>				
Phase Noise: 10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 100 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency:	-70 / -60 -90 / -80 -100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-68 / -58 -88 / -78 -98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	Ku1: 10.00 GHz Ku2: 9.75 GHz Ku3: 10.75 GHz -65 / -55 <sup>1</sup> ) -65 / -55 <sup>2</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>1</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>2</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>1</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>2</sup> ) -100 / -90 <sup>1</sup> ) -100 / -93 <sup>2</sup> ) -103 / -93 <sup>1</sup> ) -123 / -113 <sup>2</sup> -127 / -117 <sup>1</sup> ) -140 / -130 <sup>2</sup> ) 1) standard values				
Phase Noise: 10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 100 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency:	-70 / -60 -90 / -80 -100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-68 / -58 -88 / -78 -98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	Ku2: 9.75 GHz Ku3: 10.75 GHz -65 / -55 <sup>1</sup> ) -65 / -55 <sup>2</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>1</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>2</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>1</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>2</sup> ) -100 / -90 <sup>1</sup> ) -100 / -93 <sup>2</sup> -103 / -93 <sup>1</sup> ) -123 / -113 <sup>2</sup> ) -127 / -117 <sup>1</sup> ) -140 / -130 <sup>2</sup> ) 1) standard values				
Phase Noise: 10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 100 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency:	-70 / -60 -90 / -80 -100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-68 / -58 -88 / -78 -98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	Ku2: 9.75 GHz Ku3: 10.75 GHz -65 / -55 <sup>1</sup> ) -65 / -55 <sup>2</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>1</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>2</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>1</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>2</sup> ) -100 / -90 <sup>1</sup> ) -100 / -93 <sup>2</sup> -103 / -93 <sup>1</sup> ) -123 / -113 <sup>2</sup> ) -127 / -117 <sup>1</sup> ) -140 / -130 <sup>2</sup> ) 1) standard values				
100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency:	-90 / -80 -100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-88 / -78 -98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	Ku3: 10.75 GHz  -65 / -55 <sup>1</sup> ) -65 / -55 <sup>2</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>1</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>2</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>1</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>2</sup> ) -100 / -90 <sup>1</sup> ) -100 / -93 <sup>2</sup> ) -127 / -117 <sup>1</sup> ) -140 / -130 <sup>2</sup> )  1) standard values 2)				
100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency:	-90 / -80 -100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-88 / -78 -98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	-65 / -55 <sup>1</sup> ) -65 / -55 <sup>2</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>1</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>2</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>1</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>2</sup> ) -100 / -90 <sup>1</sup> ) -100 / -93 <sup>2</sup> ) -103 / -93 <sup>1</sup> ) -123 / -113 <sup>2</sup> ) -127 / -117 <sup>1</sup> ) -140 / -130 <sup>2</sup> ) 1) standard values 2) v				
100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency:	-90 / -80 -100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-88 / -78 -98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	-85 / -75 <sup>1</sup> ) -85 / -75 <sup>2</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>1</sup> ) -95 / -85 <sup>2</sup> ) -100 / -90 <sup>1</sup> ) -100 / -93 <sup>2</sup> ) -103 / -93 <sup>1</sup> ) -123 / -113 <sup>2</sup> ) -127 / -117 <sup>1</sup> ) -140 / -130 <sup>2</sup> ) 1) standard values <sup>2)</sup> v				
1 kHz 10 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency: Conversion Scheme:	-100 / -90 -105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-98 / -88 -103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	-95 / -85 <sup>1)</sup> -95 / -85 <sup>2)</sup> -100 / -90 <sup>1)</sup> -100 / -93 <sup>2)</sup> -103 / -93 <sup>1)</sup> -123 / -113 <sup>2)</sup> -127 / -117 <sup>1)</sup> -140 / -130 <sup>2)</sup> 1) standard values				
10 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency: Conversion Scheme:	-105 / -95 -110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-103 / -93 -106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	-100 / -90 <sup>1)</sup> -100 / -93 <sup>2)</sup> -103 / -93 <sup>1)</sup> -123 / -113 <sup>2)</sup> -127 / -117 <sup>1)</sup> -140 / -130 <sup>2)</sup> 1) standard values 2) v				
100 kHz 1 MHz IF-Output Frequency: Conversion Scheme:	-110 / -100 -133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-106 / -96 -130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	-103 / -93 <sup>1)</sup> -123 / -113 <sup>2)</sup> -127 / -117 <sup>1)</sup> -140 / -130 <sup>2)</sup> <sup>1)</sup> standard values				
1 MHz IF-Output Frequency: Conversion Scheme:	-133 / -123 typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	-130 / -120 values in dBc/Hz	-127 / -117 <sup>1)</sup> -140 / -130 <sup>2)</sup> 1) standard values 2) v				
IF-Output Frequency: Conversion Scheme:	typ. / max. 950 1750 MHz	values in dBc/Hz	1) standard values 2) v				
Conversion Scheme:	950 1750 MHz			values with low phase.	noise option LPN		
Conversion Scheme:		300 1400 WII IZ	Ku1: 950 1700 MHz	Value Will lew phace			
	fraguenay		Ku2: 950 1950 MHz				
	fraguanas		Ku3: 950 2000 MHz				
		no frec	quency inversion				
35 Innut Obanastanistica	inversion	no nec					
	Impedance: $50 \Omega$						
Al -input Characteristics.	Return loss: > 18 dB						
		Maximum aggregate input level: 0 dBm (damage level)					
	Waxingin aggregate input level.   Unit (uanage level)   LO leakage:   < -80 dBm						
	RF-connector: SMA female (standard)						
	K female (standard)  K female (2.92 mm) (f > 18 GHz)						
IF-Output Characteristics:							
r-Output Characteristics.	Impedance: $50 \Omega$ Return Loss: > 18 dB						
	1 dB Compression Point: > 17 dBm <sup>1)</sup>						
	IF-Connectors: SMA female						
T ( Ol ( d.							
Transfer Characteristics:	Max. conversion gain: 35 dB ±1 dB						
			20 dB, 0.1 dB steps				
			0.5 dB				
			1.0 dB max. over band				
			±0.5 dB				
			> 80 dB				
0 D-I	Noise Figure:		11 dB <sup>1)</sup>				
Group Delay:	Ripple, Slope:	<	1 ns peak to peak / 80 MHz				
Spurious Outputs:			< -65 dBc <sup>1) 2)</sup>				
			-40 dBc <sup>1) 2)</sup>				
			-75 dBm				
Output Intercept Point 3rd Order:	OIP3:		30 dBm <sup>1)</sup>				
Internal frequency Stability:	±1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> , -30 °C 60 °C						
	±1 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> , -30 °C 60 °C (after 30 min warm up) ±1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> per day (fixed temperature after 24 h warm up)						

<sup>1)</sup> at max. conversion gain 2) Pout = 0 dBm

Specifications are subject to change

These converter types are only a small selection of what is available. Please contact us for further frequency bands and features.

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# **Redundant L-Band Block Converter**

# Indoor

# C-, X-, Ku-, K- (DBS)-Band

# **General Information:**

Slide-in Block Converters						
Reference Input:	Frequency: Level:	5 or 10 MHz sine wave 5 dBm ±5 dB				
	Modes: Connector:	auto/extern/intern SMA female				
Reference Output:	Frequency: Level: Connector:	10 MHz 0 dBm ±3 dB SMA female				
Monitoring and Control Interface:	Protocol: Connection: Protocol: Connection:	SNMP UDP over Ethernet (10 or 100 Mbps, auto sensing), connector RJ-45 HTTP (web browser interface) TCP/IP over Ethernet (10 or 100 Mbps, auto sensing), connector RJ-45				
	Protocol: Connection:	Multipoint packet format commands TCP/IP over Ethernet (10 or 100 Mbps, auto sensing), connector RJ-45				
Mains Power Input:	100 240 V AC nomina	100 240 V AC nominal, 90 264 V AC max., 50 60 Hz				
Mains Power Consumption:	Max.: 30 VA / 20 W, Typ	Max.: 30 VA / 20 W, Typ.: 25 VA / 15 W				
Mains Power Input Connector:	IEC C14	IEC C14				
Mains Fuse:	2 x 2 A time-lag fuse	2 x 2 A time-lag fuse				
Dimension and Weight:	134 x 36 x 416 mm³ (WxHxD), approx. 1.8 kg					

	Redun	dancy Controller				
Monitoring and Control Interface:	Protocol: Connection:	SNMP UDP over Ethernet (10 or 100 Mbps, auto sensing), connector RJ-45				
	Protocol: Connection:	HTTP (web browser interface) TCP/IP over Ethernet (10 or 100 Mbps, auto sensing), connector RJ-45				
	Protocol: Connection:	Multipoint packet format commands RS422/RS485, connector DSUB09 female or TCP/IP over Ethernet (10 or 100 Mbps, auto sensing), connector RJ-45				
User Interface:	10 LEDs, 4 Function Keys	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Configuration:	16 DIP switches on rear side					
Summary Alarm Interface:	Two potential free contacts (DPDT), connector DSUB09 female					
Internal M&C Interface:	RS485, connector DSUB09 male					
Switching:	Manual or Automatic					
Delay from unit alarm occurrence until IF/RF relay switching:	Typical 28 ms, max. 35 ms					
Signal Switch:	Frequency Range:	0 18.4 GHz				
	Connectors:	SMA female				
	Return loss:	> 13 dB				
	Attenuation:	0.6 dB max.				

Housing			
Temperature Range:	Standard performance: 0 °C 50 °C operating, -30 °C 80 °C storage		
	High performance: -30 °C 60 °C operating (10 minutes warm up at -30 °C)		
Relative Humidity:	< 95 % non-condensing		
Dimension and Weight:	483 x 44 x 460 mm³ (WxHxD), 1 RU (19"), approx. 8.0 kg with two slide in converters		

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# Redundancy Switch 1:1 for 2 Slide-in Block Converter

RSCC-	T-2SLOT-50K, RSCC-T-2S	LOT-50Ka26	RSCC-T-2SL	OT-50Ka40				
Converter Slots:	2 slots for Block Up- or Block Down-Slide-in Converter							
Monitoring and Control Interface of Controller:	Protocol: Connection:	SNMP UDP over Ethernet (10 or 100 Mbit/s, auto sensing), connector RJ-45						
	Protocol:							
	Connection: TCP/IP over Ethernet (10 or 100 Mbit/s, auto sensing), connector RJ-45							
	Protocol: Connection:	Multipoint RS422/RS485, connector DSUB09 female or TCP/IP over Ethernet (10 or 100 Mbit/s, auto sensing), connector RJ-45						
Common M&C Interface:	RS485 to Controller and 2 Slide-in Block Converter slots, connector DSUB09 female							
Alarm Interface to Block Converter:	Internally connected							
User Interface:	10 LEDs, 4 Function Keys							
Alarm Interface:	Two potential free contacts (DPDT), connector DSUB09 female							
Switching:	Manual or Automatic							
Controller internal delay from unit alarm occurrence until IF/RF switch has switched:	Typical 28 ms, max. 35 ms							
Configuration:	16 DIP switches on rear side							
IF Switch type:	50K							
RF Switch type:	50K, 50Ka26 or 50Ka40							
Relays 50K, 50Ka26, 50Ka40	Impedance: $50 \Omega$ Power handling: 1 W (switching)							
50K, 0 18 GHz:	Connector: SMA female							
50Ka26, 0 26.5 GHz:	Frequency (GHz): V.S.W.R. (max.): Insertion loss (dB max.): Isolation (dB min.):	0 1 1.1 0.2 85	1 4 1.15 0.2 80	4 8 1.25 0.3 70	8 12.4 1.35 0.4 65	12.4 18 1.5 0.5 60	18 26.5 1.7 0.8 55	
50Ka40, 0 40 GHz:	Connector:	K female		•				
	Frequency (GHz): V.S.W.R. (max.): Insertion loss (dB max.): Isolation (dB min.):	0 6 1.3 0.3 70	6 12.4 1.4 0.4 60	12.4 18 1.5 0.5 60	18 26.5 1.7 0.7 55	26.5 40 1.9 0.8 50		
Ventilation:	Fan, redundant powered b	y both Slide-i	n Converter	•				
Temperature Range:	Standard performance: 0°C 50°C operating, -30°C 80°C storage High performance: -30 °C 60 °C operating							
Relative Humidity:	< 95 % non condensing							
Power Supply:	Redundant Power from the 2 Slide-in Converter							
Dimension and Weight of Indoor Controller:	L 483 x 44 x 470 mm³ (WxHxD), 1 RU (19") approx. 3 kg without Slide-in Converter							

Specifications are subject to change

Order Information for Redundant L-Band Block Converter:

[Block Converter Type]-[Band]-RED1-FAN

#### **Examples:**

VSBU-Ku1-RED1-FAN 2 Slide-in Upconverters for Ku1 band in 1:1 Redundancy Controller VSBD-C-RED1-FAN 2 Slide-in Downconverters for C band in 1:1 Redundancy Controller

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